



CCNP



About Course

Having a Cisco Certified Network Professional (CCNP) certification validates your ability to implement and troubleshoot both LAN and WAN networks. In addition, you will be recognized as a person who can collaborate with specialists on issues related to voice, wireless, advanced security, and video solutions

CCNP(ADVANCE)

CURRICULUM

① Layer 3 Technologies

Troubleshoot administrative distance
(all routing protocols)

Troubleshoot route map for any routing
protocol (attributes, tagging, filtering)

Troubleshoot loop prevention mechanisms
(filtering, tagging, split horizon, route poisoning)

Troubleshoot redistribution between any
routing protocols or routing sources

Troubleshoot manual and auto-summarization
with any routing protocol

Configure and verify policy-based routing

Configure and verify VRF-Lite

Describe Bidirectional Forwarding Detection

Troubleshoot EIGRP (classic and named mode)

Address families (IPv4, IPv6)

Neighbor relationship and authentication

Loop-free path selections (RD, FD, FC, successor,
feasible successor, stuck in active)

Stubs

Load balancing (equal and unequal cost)
Metrics

② Troubleshoot OSPF (v2/v3)

Address families (IPv4, IPv6)

Neighbor relationship and authentication

Network types, area types, and router types

Point-to-point, multipoint, broadcast, nonbroadcast

Area type: backbone, normal, transit, stub, NSSA, totally stub

Internal router, backbone router, ABR, ASBR

Virtual link

Path preference

③ Troubleshoot BGP (Internal and External)

Address families (IPv4, IPv6)

Neighbor relationship and authentication

(next-hop, multihop, 4-byte

AS, private

AS, route refresh, operation, states and timers)

Path preference (attributes and best-path)

Policies (inbound/outbound filtering, path manipulation)

④ VPN Technologies

Describe MPLS operations (LSR, LDP, label switching, LSP)
Configure and verify DMVPN (single hub)
GRE
NHRP
IPsec
Dynamic neighbor
Spoke-to-spoke

5 Infrastructure Security

Troubleshoot device security using IOS AAA (TACACS+, RADIUS,)
Troubleshoot router security features
Pv4 access control lists (standard, extended, time-based)
Pv6 traffic filter
Unicast reverse path forwarding (uRPF)

6 Troubleshoot control plane policing (Telnet, SSH, HTTP(S), SNMP, EIGRP, OSPF, BGP)

Describe IPv6 First Hop security features (RA guard, DHCP guard, binding table, source guard)

7 Infrastructure Services

Troubleshoot device management
Console and VTY

Telnet, HTTP, HTTPS, SSH
(T)FTP

Troubleshoot network problems using logging
(local, syslog, debugs, conditional debugs, timestamps)

Troubleshoot IPv4 and IPv6 DHCP (DHCP client,
IOS DHCP server, DHCP relay, DHCP options)

Troubleshoot network performance issues using
IP SLA (jitter, tracking objects, delay, connectivity)

Troubleshoot network problems using Cisco DNA
Center assurance (connectivity, monitoring, de
vice health, network health)

CCNP(CORE)

CURRICULUM

① Architecture

② Explain the different design principles used in an enterprise network

Enterprise network design such as Tier 2, Tier 3, and Fabric Capacity planning
High availability techniques such as redundancy, FHRP, and SSO

3 Analyze design principles of a WLAN deployment

Wireless deployment models (centralized, distributed, controller-less, controller based, cloud, remote branch)
Location services in a WLAN design

4 Differentiate between on-premises and cloud infrastructure deployments

5 Explain the working principles of the Cisco SD-WAN solution SD-WAN control and data planes elements

Traditional WAN and SD-WAN solutions

6 Explain the working principles of the Cisco SD-Access solution SD-Access control and data planes elements

Traditional campus interoperating with SD-Access

Configure and verify eBGP between directly connected neighbors (best path selection algorithm and neighbor relationships)

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Wireless

Describe Layer 1 concepts, such as RF power, RSSI, SNR, interference noise, band and channels, and wireless client devices capabilities

Describe AP modes and antenna types

Describe access point discovery and join process (discovery algorithms, WLC selection process)

Describe the main principles and use cases for Layer 2 and Layer 3 roaming

Troubleshoot WLAN configuration and wireless client connectivity issues

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IP Services

Describe Network Time Protocol (NTP)

Configure and verify NAT/PAT

Configure first hop redundancy protocols, such as HSRP and VRRP

Describe multicast protocols, such as PIM and IGMP v2/v3



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Network Assurance

Diagnose network problems using tools such as debugs, conditional debugs, trace route, ping, SNMP, and syslog

Configure and verify device monitoring using syslog for remote logging

Configure and verify NetFlow and Flexible NetFlow

Configure and verify SPAN/RSPAN/ERSPAN

Configure and verify IPSLA

Describe Cisco DNA Center workflows to apply network configuration, monitoring, and management

Configure and verify NETCONF and RESTCONF

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Configure and verify device access control

Lines and password protection

Authentication and authorization using AAA

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Configure and verify infrastructure security features

ACLs

CoPP

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Describe REST API security

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Configure and verify wireless security features

EAP

WebAuth

PSK

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Describe the components of network security design

Threat defense

Endpoint security

Next-generation firewall

TrustSec, MACsec

Network access control with 802.1X, MAB, and WebAuth

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Automation

Interpret basic Python components and scripts

Construct valid JSON encoded file

Describe the high-level principles and benefits of a data modeling language, such as YANG

Describe APIs for Cisco DNA Center and vManage

Interpret REST API response codes and results in payload using Cisco

DNA Center and RESTCONF



Construct EEM applet to automate configuration, troubleshooting, or data collection

Compare agent vs. agentless orchestration tools, such as Chef, Puppet, Ansible, and SaltStack



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